

## 第八章限时练习答案

### 一, 选择题

1—5BCCCA      6—10DDACA

### 二, 填空题

1,  $y = Cx^2$

2,  $y = C_1 + C_2x - \sin x$

3,  $y = C\sqrt{1+x^2}$

4,  $y = (C_1 \sin x + C_2 \cos x)e^x + e^x$

5,  $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{5}{3}$

### 三, 计算题

1 解: 由已知得:  $y' + \tan x \cdot y = \frac{1}{\cos x}$   
$$\therefore y = e^{-\int \tan x dx} \left( \int e^{\int \tan x dx} \frac{1}{\cos x} dx + C \right)$$
$$= \cos x \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx + C \right)$$
$$= \cos x (\tan x + C)$$

2 解: 由已知得:  $y' + \frac{2}{x}y = \frac{\sin x}{x}$   
$$\therefore y = e^{-\int \frac{2}{x} dx} \left( \int e^{\int \frac{2}{x} dx} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx + C \right)$$
$$= x^{-2} \left( \int x \sin x dx + C \right)$$
$$= \frac{1}{x^2} (\sin x - x \cos x + C)$$

又  $\because y(\pi) = \frac{1}{\pi}$   
 $\therefore$  带入得  $C=0$

$$\therefore y = \frac{1}{x^2} (\sin x - x \cos x)$$

3 解: 由已知得特征方程为:

$$\lambda^2 + \frac{1}{2}\lambda + \frac{1}{16} = 0$$

$$\therefore \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = -\frac{1}{4} \quad \therefore y = (C_1 + C_2x)e^{-\frac{1}{4}x}$$

4, 解: (题有问题须将  $y''+4y = x \cos x$  改成  $y''+4y = \cos x$ )

由已知得特征方程为:  $\lambda^2 + 4 = 0 \quad \therefore \lambda = \pm 2i$

$\therefore$  齐次通解:  $Y = C_1 \cos 2x + C_2 \sin 2x$

非齐次特解形式:  $y^* = A \cos x + B \sin x$

带入原方程得:  $A = \frac{1}{3}, B = 0$

$\therefore$  非齐次通解为:  $y = C_1 \cos 2x + C_2 \sin 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos x$

5, 解: (此题须将  $\int_0^x \frac{t^2 + f(t)}{t} dt = f(x) - 1$  改成  $\int_1^x \frac{t^2 + f(t)}{t} dt = f(x) - 1$ )

对  $\int_1^x \frac{t^2 + f(t)}{t} dt = f(x) - 1$  它两边同时求导得:

$$\frac{x^2 + f(x)}{x} = f'(x) \quad \text{即} \quad y' - \frac{y}{x} = x$$

所以通解为:  $y = x(x + c)$

又由  $\int_1^x \frac{t^2 + f(t)}{t} dt = f(x) - 1$  令  $x=1$  得:

$$f(1) = 1 \quad \therefore c = 0$$

$$\therefore y = x^2$$